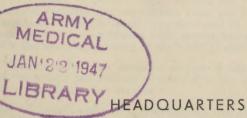
#### Military Government

### Weekly Health Report

This report is a continuation of the Public Health Section of the Military Government WEEKLY FIELD REPORT

It should be considered only as a historical recording of certain operational details, problems and observations deemed by the field personnel to be of sufficient importance to report to higher headquarters. Monthly reports absorb important matters and contain conclusions based upon factual data officially submitted for the purpose of estimated operational progress



UNITED STATES FORCES EUROPEAN THEATER OFFICE OF MILITARY GOVERNMENT (U.S. ZONE) PUBLIC HEALTH BRANCH

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#### 1. Occupied Germany:

- A. Communicable Diseases: Attached as Appendices "A", "B", and "C" are communicable disease reports of case and death rates by Regierungsbezirk, case rates by Regierungsbezirk, and cases and deaths and case rates by Land respectively for the week ending 12 January 1946.
- B. Venereal Disease: For the third consecutive week there has been a decrease in the number of reported new cases of syphilis and gonorrhea. This reduction in the number of cases in contrary to the anticipated upward trend because of the Christmas and New Year holidays.

The incidence of diphtheria also continues to decrease in most Regierungsbezirke. The rate for the U.S. Zone has likewise decreased considerably in comparison with the last week.

Scabies, the most prevalent of the communicable diseases, continues to show a sharp increase among both German civilians and military personnel. Efforts are being increased to stimulate the German authorities to control the disease.

Tuberculosis and typhoid fever continue to show a decrease over the last few weeks. No increase in influenza has been noted.

For the first time during the Occupation, all major communicable diseases have shown a downward trend in numbers of reported cases for three consecutive weeks. It is believed to be due to German immunization programs and increased sanitary measures as well as isolation and treatment programs as directed by Military Government.

- C. Nursing Affairs: The executive secretary of the International Council of Nurses has spent the week conferring with the Nurse Consultant for the Public Health Branch, United States Zone, on the nursing program in the Zone.
- D. Nutrition: The general population continues to supplement food consumption in excess of the prescribed ration scale of 1550 calories, resulting in maintenance of or very slight loss of body weight.

Sixteen of 22 Civilian Internee Centers had been initially observed for general evidence of the status of the nutrition of inmates, with a report in prospect before 4 February 1946 for the remaining six. Only three of the 16 observed approximate the prescribed scale of 1700 calories. No reports have been received as to rations provided and weights of inmates, but weekly data will be available within a week or so.

Approval was given for the establishment of a laboratory at Höchst for obtaining data to substantiate that available through the activities of field survey teams and street weighing. A rapid micromethod of analysis will be used for initial determination of the vitamin A and C content in the blood.

- E. Hospitals: The civilian hospital bed status has eased slightly due to the reduction in the number of patient days required for VD treatment and by obtaining additional hospital facilities and equipment from the release of POW hospitals from released excess U.S. Military hospital equipment and by making available an operational reserve of essential hospital equipment from excess Army stocks. The latter can be released only with the specific approval of the Chief, Public Health and Welfare, OMGUS.
- F. Veterinary Affairs: Included as part of the Public Health Policy to protect the health of the troops and civilian population is the program for the reestablishment of the German meat inspection service.

Politically approved and professionally qualified German veterinarians have been and are being appointed as officials to again supervise this service. To supplement the veterinary supervision and inspection, lay inspectors are being selected and given training and schooling in the technic, and the types of examinations required by law and the pertinent regulations and ordinances. These schools are located throughout the U. S. Zone. The candidates must attend for six weeks and then be passed by a board before they are appointed as official lay meat inspectors.

## APPENDIX "A"

# Communicable Disease Report (by Land) United States Zone of Germany for Week Ending 12 January 1946

		sdwnM	*	*	* *	- 1	* *	* *
	-	Measles	*	*	14	11	* *	* *
	hs	ezuənlinl	43	-	11	46	00	* *
	d: deaths	BiasleM	1	1	111	11	11	11
	9	Encephalitis epidemic	1	1	11	- 1	11	11
	cases	Rabies	1	1	11			11
	c: ca	Scabies	518	1	184	1363	62	* *
	H	Infectious Jaundice	12	1	* *	00	* *	* *
	DISEASE	Undulant Fever	1	1	11	11	II	11
	D	Bact. FoodPoisoning	I	1	11	-	111	11
	ABLE	Dysentery infectious	-	1	5	9	111	18
	OINO	Paratyphoid	4	1	4	7	11	4
	MMC	Typhoid Fever	24	4	30	91	10	40
	of CC	silidqy2	54	1	47	172	47	35
	ATHS	Gonorrhea	262	1	186	675	196	211
	DE/	Poliomyelitis	1	1	2	7	11	11
0	and	Meningitis meningococcus	m	1	m	47	11	11
	SES	Whooping Cough	33	1	78	25	* *	* *
	V CA	Tuberculosis other	13	4	7	22	- 1	1
	Reported Number of New CASES and DEATHS of COMMUNICABLE	Tuberculosis lung & Larynx	69	87	85	238	10	58
	nber	Scarlet Fever	38	-	49	102	14	23
	d Nur	Diphtheria	264		275	364	80	150
ig/s	orte	xendtnA	I	1	11	11	11	11
	Sep	Plague	1	1		11		
		Smallpox Cholera	1	1		-		
		Relapsing Fever	T			II		
		Louse-borne	2	1		7	11	7-
		Cases, Death Typhus Fever		-	(1) 773	1	11	
	1	The state of the s	4	0	7	9	00	2
1	-	Popu- lation	3,489,684		2,979,89	8,258,476 c	460,019	931,965 <sup>C</sup> d
			-	11	gra		t	
-		Land	Greater	Hessen	Baden Württemberg 2,979,897	Bavaria	Bremen Port Command	Berlin (US Sector)
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Rates Expressed as per 10,000 Population per Annum

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	*	2.45	1	*	*
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	1	1	1	1	
	1	1	90.0	11	
		1	1	0	1
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	1.79	*	0.50	*	*
		11	1		
	1	1	90.0	1	1
	— 39.34 5.6610.28 1.94 4.92 0.45 — 39.04 8.05 3.58 0.60 0.15 — — 1.7977.18 —	48.13       8.58       14.88       1.23       4.90       0.53       0.88       32.55       8.23       5.25       0.70       0.88	- 22.93 6.4314.99 1.39 1.58 0.25 0.13 42.53 10.90 5.73 0.13 0.38 0.06 - 0.50 85.87 - 0.06 - 2.90 - 0.06	1	— — III.74 19.53 22.32 2.23 10.04
	09.0	0.70	0.13	1	2.23
	3.58	5.25	5.73	1.30	2.32
	8.05	8.23	0.90	- 221.48 54.24 11.30 -	9.532
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	Greater	Baden 2,979,897 0.18—-	Bavaria	Bremen Port Command	Berlin (US Sector)

\* No data submitted

## APPENDIX "B"

# Communicable Disease Rates United States Zone of Germany for Week Ending 12 January 1946

28	sdwnM	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.24	×	*	*	0.03
27	Measles	*	*	*	3.82	*	*	*	*	1		*	*	0.46 0.03
26	ezuənlini	*	*	20.69	1		*	3.54	*	1.21	15.07	9.04	*	3.20
25	BineleM	1	1	1	1	1	1				1	1		
24	Encephalitis epidemic	I			1	1	1	-	0.25		1	1		0.03
23	Rabies		1		1	1	1	1	1			11	1	
22	Scabies	72.50	*	175.31	50.23	*	*	14.17	225.04	67.00	79.79	70.06	*	68.15
21	Infectious laundice	*	*	5.75	*	*	*	*	*	0.48	3.35	*	*	99.0
20	Undulant Fever	1	11	1	1		11	1		1		11		
19	Bact. Food poisoning	-1	1	-	1	-		-	1	1	0.56	1		0.03
18	Dysentery infectious	1	0.40		1.37		1.46		0.25	0.24	0.56	1	10.04	0.99
17	Paratyphoid	6.200.48	0.40	96.0	1.09			1		0.24	0.56		2.23	6.110.46
16	Typhoid Fever	6.20	2.77	1.92	4.64	6.28	3.90	0.76	8.38	10.600.24	1.67	11.30	22.32	1000
15	silidqy2	82.5217.17	3.96	3.83	12.83	*	8.30	11.39	4.83	19.04	6.70	54.24	19.53	0.23 44.02 10.16
14	Gonorrhea	82.52	16.63	22.51	6.550.550.5550.78	*	39.04	49.08	34.04	59.53	11.16	221.48	117.74	44.02
13	Poliomyelitis			, -	0.55	1.45		0.51		1	1	1		.23
12	Meningitis	.48	0.40	.48	.55	.48	0.49	,25(		.48	1			0.33
=	Whooping Cough	4.770.48	3.96 0.40	6.23 0.48	6.550	1.930.48	*	2.020.250.51	1.52	0.72 0.48	4.46	*	*	2.84
10	Tuberculosis other	5.25		96.0	1.37	0.97	1.46	1.52	1.27	1.45	1.12	1.13	3.91	1.62
6	Tuberculosis lung and Larynx	4.29 19.56	5.15	7.19	9.2814.74	7.2514.97	4.88 12.69	20.49	15.75	9.40	16.74	5.82 11.30	52.36	7.0014.85
8	Scarlet Fever		4.36	8.62	9.28	7.25		5.31	4.83	11.09	3.35	-	12.83	
7	Diphtheria	42.45	22.18	57.00	37.13	67.14	16.10	26.82	19.05	21.21	34.60	90.40	83.70	34.75
9	Anthrax			1		1								
5	Plague	1			1									
4	Cholera							16						23
m	xoqllem2							- 0.25						- 0.03
2	Relapsing Fever	5					60	10						0
_	Typhus Fever	0.0	10	-	7 0.2		9.0	0.5	1 2	~	m		3.91	2 0.4
	Popu- lation	1,090,205 0.95	1,313,985	1,085,494	1,903,157 0.27	1,076,740	1,065,143 0.49	2,056,301 0.25	2,047,792	2,157,602	931,638	+	931,965	15,660,022 0.40
	Regierungs- Bezirk	Kassel	Wiesbaden	Hessen	Württemberg	Baden	Schwaben	Oberbayern	Niederbayern and Oberpfalz	Ober- and Mittelfranken	Mainfranken	Bremen	Berlin (US Sector)	

\*No data submitted. 

\* Bremen included in report from British Zone - not included in the totals on this report. 

X Delinquent reports; data received by telephone.

## APPENDIX "C"

# Communicable Disease Report United States Zone of Germany for Week Ending 12 Jan. 1946

DEATHS of COMMUNICABLE DISEASE  Deaths a serious serio	11
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2   9   9   9   9   8   * *   8   4   1   3   Gonorrhea	- 30
2   9   9   9   9   8   * *   8   4   1   3   Gonorrhea	1 4 1
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2   9   9   9   8   * *   8   4   1   3   Conorrhed	308
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Popu- lation 1,090,205 1,313,985 1,085,494 1,903,157 1,065,143 2,056,301 2,047,792 2,157,602 931,638	560,022°
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Regierungs- Bezirk assel /iesbaden essen /ürttemberg aden dhwaben berbayern liederbayerr nd Oberpfal) bber- and littelfranken remen Port	(Am Sector) TOTAL
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Regierungs- Bezirk Kassel Wiesbaden Hessen Württemberg Baden Schwaben Oberbayern Niederbayern Niederbayern Mittelfranken Mainfranken Bremen Port Command Berlin	(Am S

\* No data submitted. x Delinquent reports, data received by telephone. serion included in report from British Zone — not included in the totals on this report.